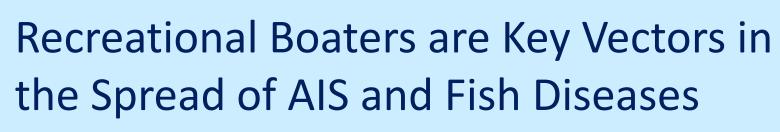


Testing the Waters: Illinois Recreational Boater Survey on Aquatic Invasive Species and Pathogens

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Mississippi River Basin Panel on Aquatic Nuisance Species Little Rock, Arkansas, May 3rd, 2011



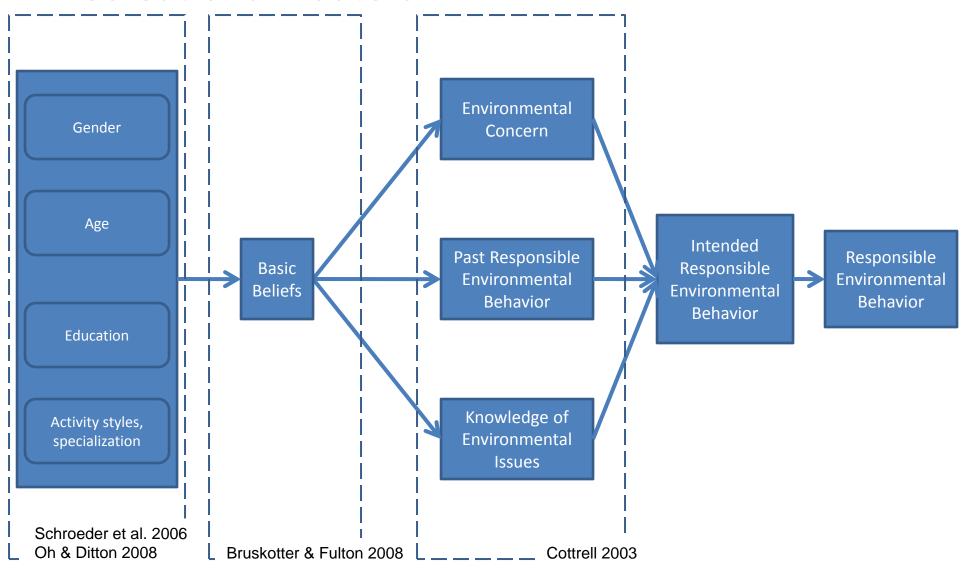




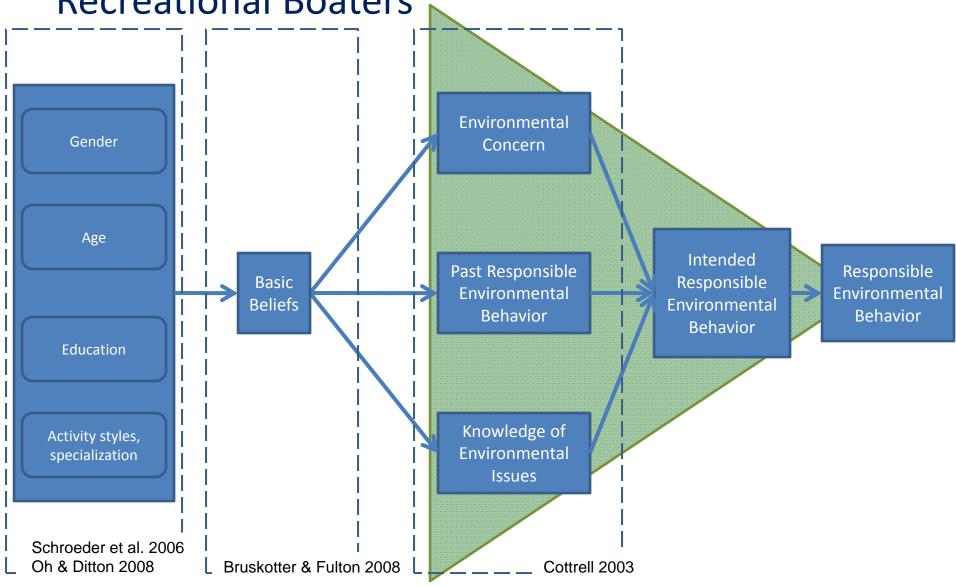
Johnson, Ricciardi & Carlton, 2001



Responsible Environmental Behaviors Among Recreational Boaters



Responsible Environmental Behaviors Among Recreational Boaters





Research Questions

- Who are Illinois recreational boaters?
- In what responsible environmental behaviors (i.e., best boating practices) do they engage?
- What is the relationship between knowledge and concern about AIS/VHS and behaviors?
- How can resource managers influence future behaviors to prevent the spread of AIS/VHS?





Research Design

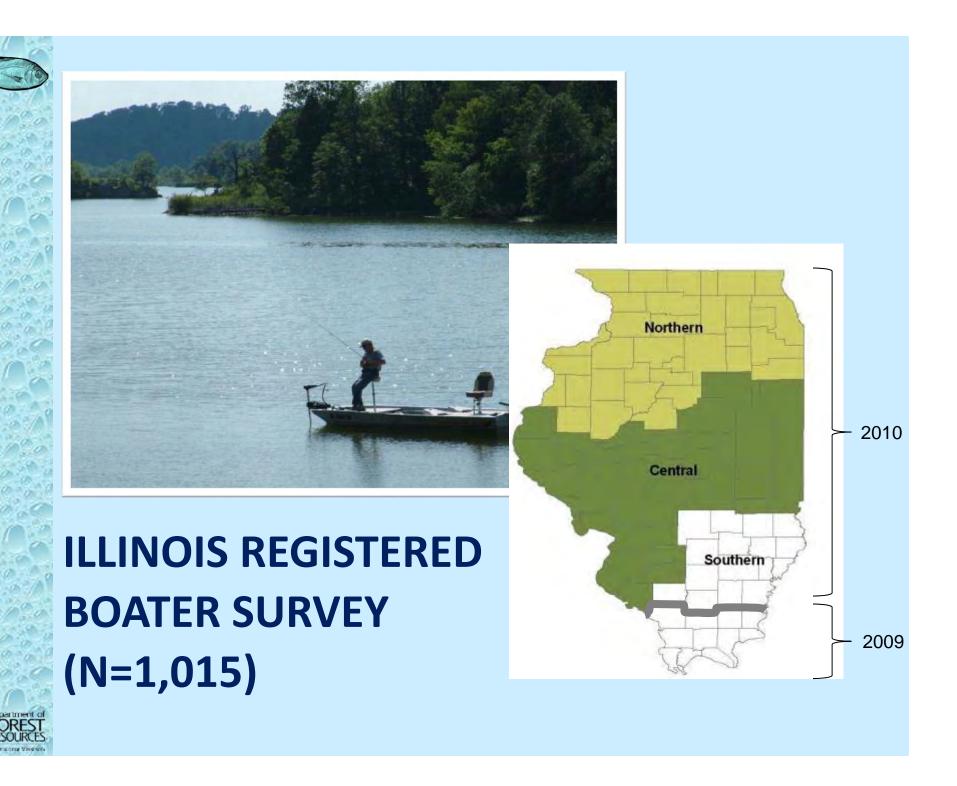
2009:

 Registered boater survey conducted in 11 southernmost Illinois counties (mail only), n=255, 27% RR

2010:

- Registered boater survey in remaining 91 counties (mail only), n=760, 38% RR
- Survey and intervention
 - Boat show attendees (onsite and mail), n=538, 45%
 RR
 - Tournament anglers (onsite and mail), n=68, 32% RR
 - State fair attendees (onsite only), n=250







Methods

Data collection:

- Self-administered, mail survey
- IL-DNR registered boat database
- Random sample stratified by county
- 4-wave mailing (Dillman, 2000)
- 34% RR overall

Data analysis:

- SPSS 17.0
- Descriptive statistics
- Cluster analysis (Kmeans cluster)
- One-way ANOVA
- Paired samples t-test





Research Findings

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- What is the relationship between knowledge and concern about AIS/VHS and behaviors?
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Respondent Profile

Gender	N	Percent	
Male	920	92.2	
Female	78	7.8	
Total	998	100.0	

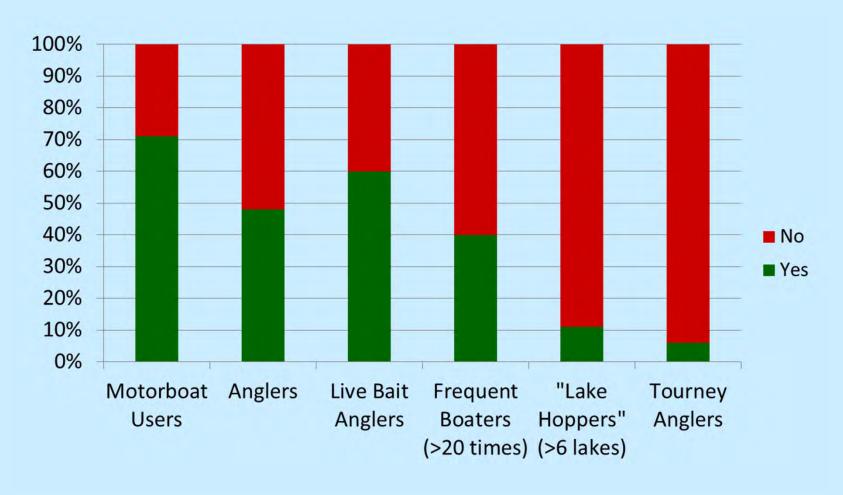
Age group	N	Percent
18-30	27	2.7
31-45	146	14.8
46-60	453	45.9
61-75	318	32.2
76 or older	43	4.4
Total	987	100.0

Education level	N	Percent
9 th grade or less	9	0.9
Some high school, but no diploma or GED	15	1.5
High school graduate or GED	212	21.4
Some college, but no degree	277	28.0
Associate degree	97	9.8
4-year degree	164	16.5
Some graduate school	59	6.0
Master's, doctoral, or professional degree	158	15.9
Total	991	100.0





Boating Activity & Styles





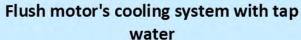


Research Findings

- Who are Illinois recreational boaters?
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Engagement in REBs in the past



Rinse boat with high pressure &/or hot water

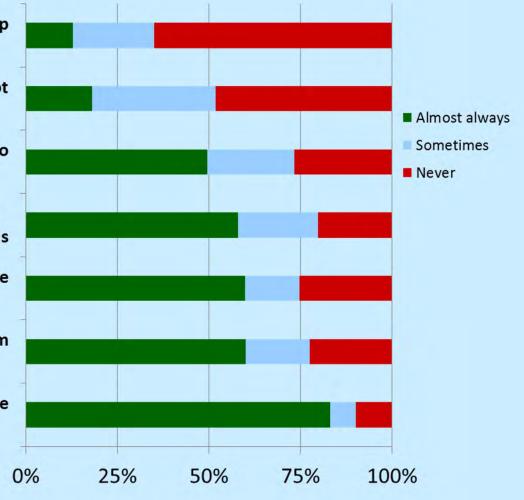
Dry boat with a towel or allow boat to dry for at least five days

Conduct visual inspections of boats & equipment for aquatic plants & animals

Avoid release of unwanted bait into the water

Remove aquatic plants & animals from boats & equipment

Drain water from boats, including live wells, bilge & bait buckets







REB Groups

- High REB engagement (30%)
 - "The Faithful"
- Moderate REB engagement (42%)
 - "The Fickle"
- Low REB engagement (28%)
 - "The Frivolous"

1= never

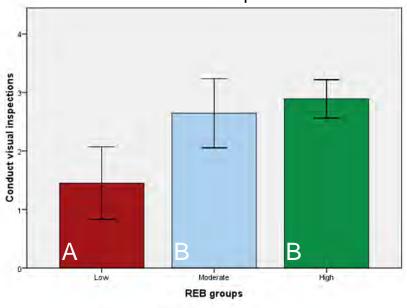
2= sometimes

3= almost always

Final Cluster Centers					
	REB Cluster				
	High	Mod	Low		
drain water from boats	3	3	2		
conduct visual inspections	3	3	1		
avoid release of unwanted bait	3	3	1		
remove plants and animals from boats and equipment	3	3	1		
allow boat to dry for at least five days	3	2	2		
rinse boat with high pressure and/or hot water	3	1	1		
flush motor's cooling system with tap water	2	1	1		



Conduct visual inspections



Error Bars: +/- 1 SD

REBs (p<.001)

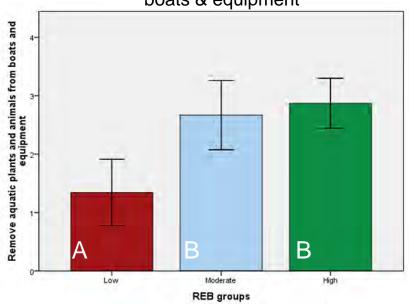
1= never

2= sometimes

3= almost always

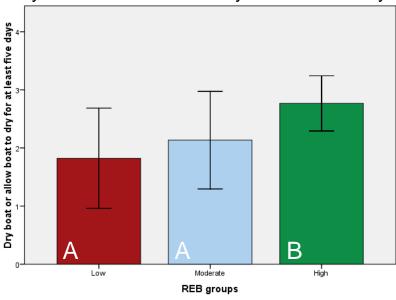


Remove aquatic plants & animals from boats & equipment



Error Bars: +/- 1 SD

Dry boat or allow boat to dry for at least 5 days



Error Bars: +/- 1 SD

Responsible Environmental Behaviors (p<.001)

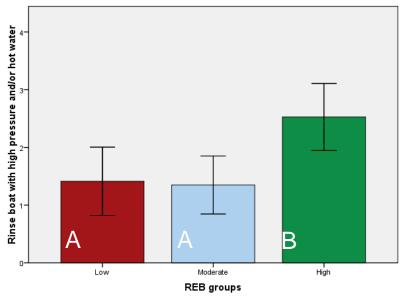
1= never

2= sometimes

3= almost always



Rinse boat with high pressure &/or hot water



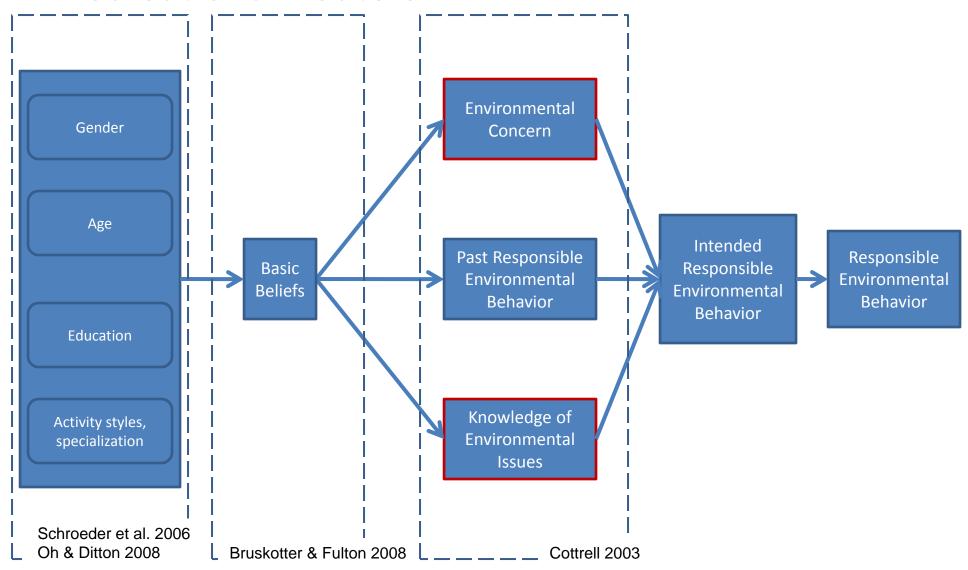
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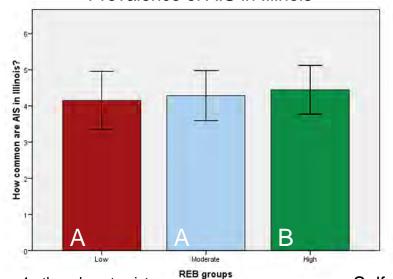
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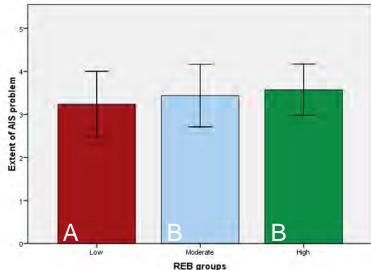
Responsible Environmental Behaviors Among Recreational Boaters



Prevalence of AIS in Illinois



Extent that AIS is a problem in Illinois



1= they do not exist Error Bars: +/- 1 SD

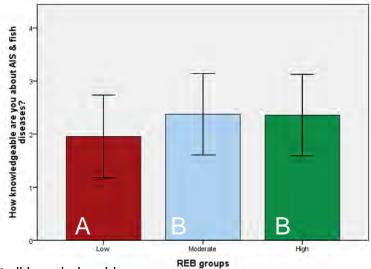
2= very rare

3= somewhat rare

4= somewhat common

5= very common

Self-reported knowledge about AIS & fish diseases



Error Bars: +/- | SD

Knowledge and Awareness

(p<.01)

1= not at all knowledgeable

2= slightly knowledgeable

3= moderately knowledgeable

4= very knowledgeable

5= extremely knowledgeable

Error Bars: +/- 1 SD

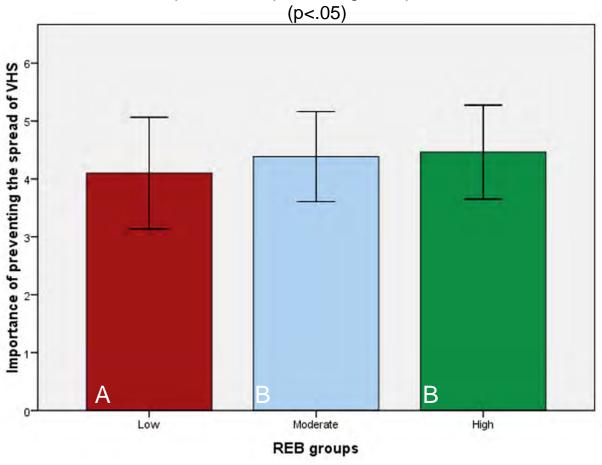
1= not a problem

2= slight problem 3= moderate problem

4= serious problem

Environmental Concern

The importance of preventing the spread of VHS



1= not at all important

2= slightly important

3= moderately important

4= very important

5= extremely important

Error Bars: +/- 1 SD



Research Findings

- Who are Illinois recreational boaters?
- In what responsible environmental behaviors (i.e., best boating practices) do they engage?
- What is the relationship between knowledge and concern about AIS/VHS and past behaviors?
- How can resource managers influence future behaviors to prevent the spread of AIS/VHS?





SURVEY OF BOAT SHOW ATTENDEES IN ILLINOIS/MISSOURI (N=399)



Influencing Behavior

Increase concern about problems and knowledge about REBs!!

- Education intervention (chamois towels) at boat shows
- Respondents were significantly more likely to engage in all REBs following the intervention (p<.01)

Help Stop the Spread of VHS and Aquatic Nuisance Species in Illinois Waters!



DO NOT move plants, fish, or other animals between water sources



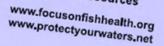
DO NOT dispose of fish or by-products, including bait, in any body of water



DO clean and dry anything that came into contact with water



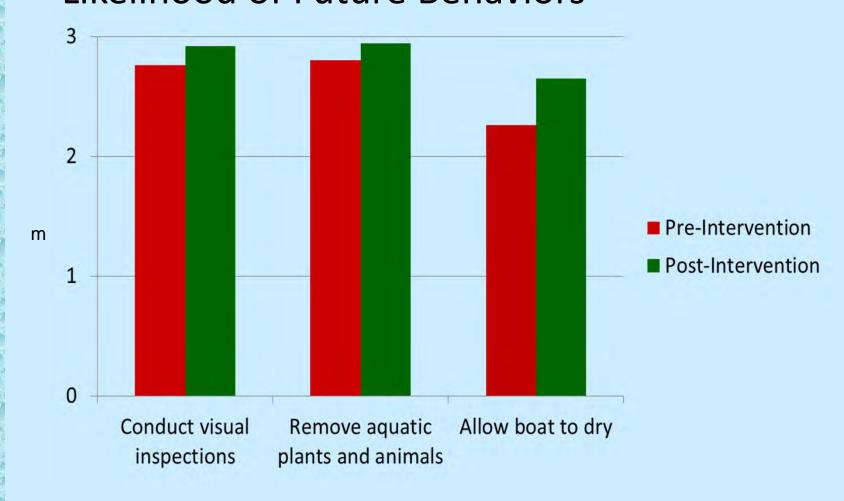
DO report fish die offs or fish with external lesions to the Illinois Department of Natural Resources











1= not at all likely

2= somewhat likely

3= very likely





Influencing Behavior

Increase awareness of invasions!

 Awareness of infestations significantly increased likelihood of future REB behaviors in all registered boater groups (p<.001)







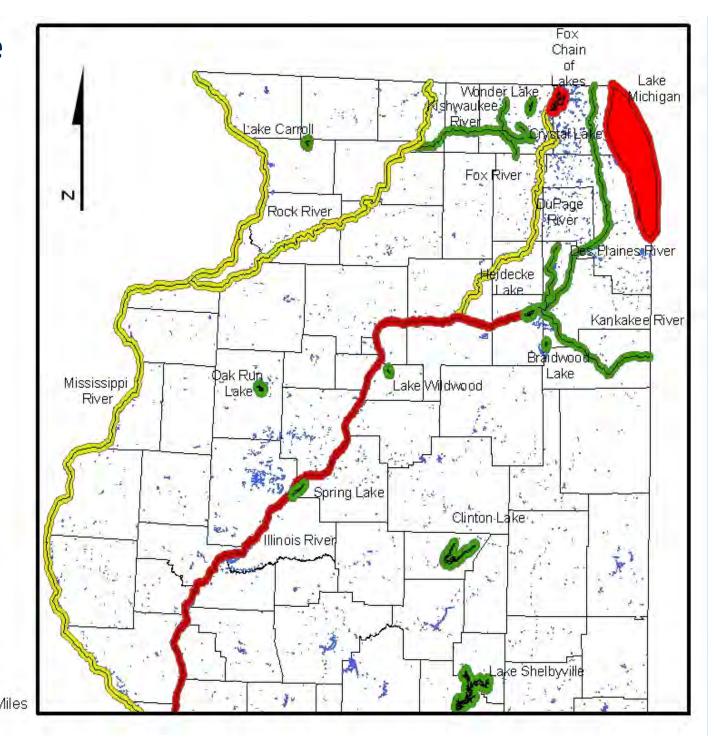
Influencing Behavior

Identify boat use and invasion hotspots!



Water Body Use Intensity: North





Water Body Use Intensity: Central

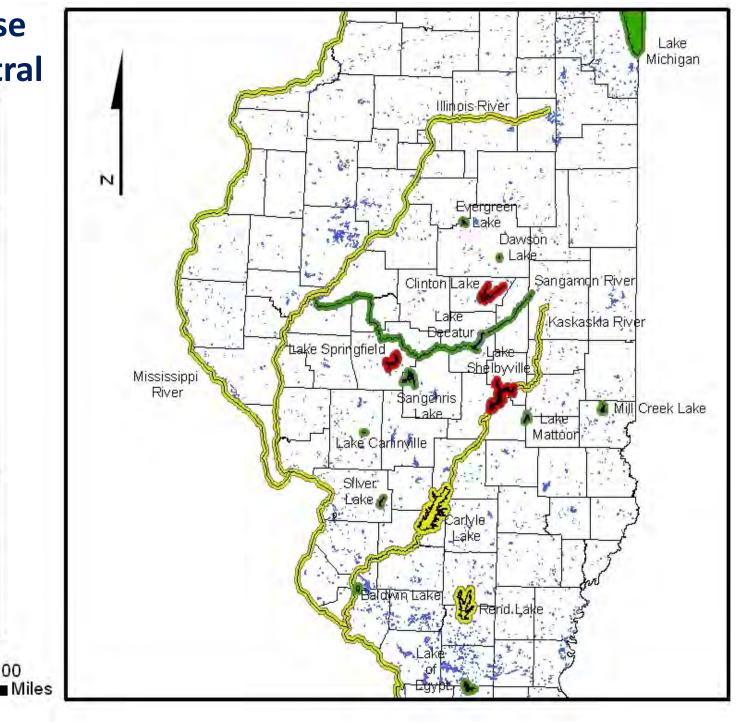


50

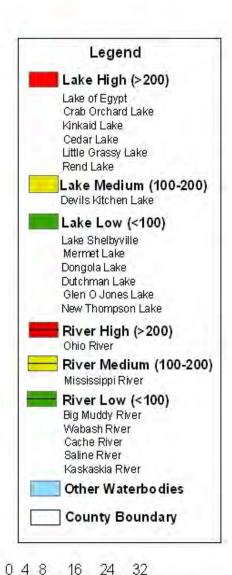
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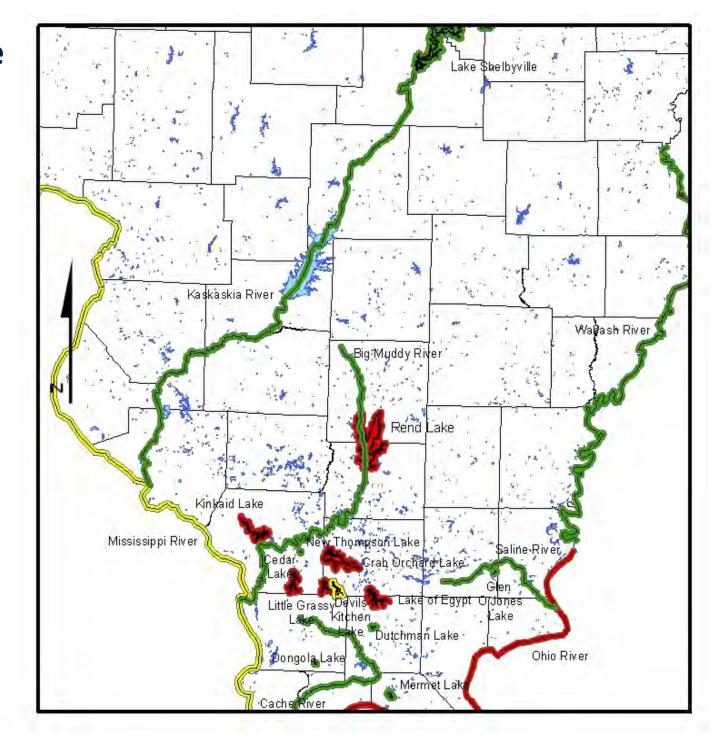
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0 12.525



Water Body Use Intensity: South



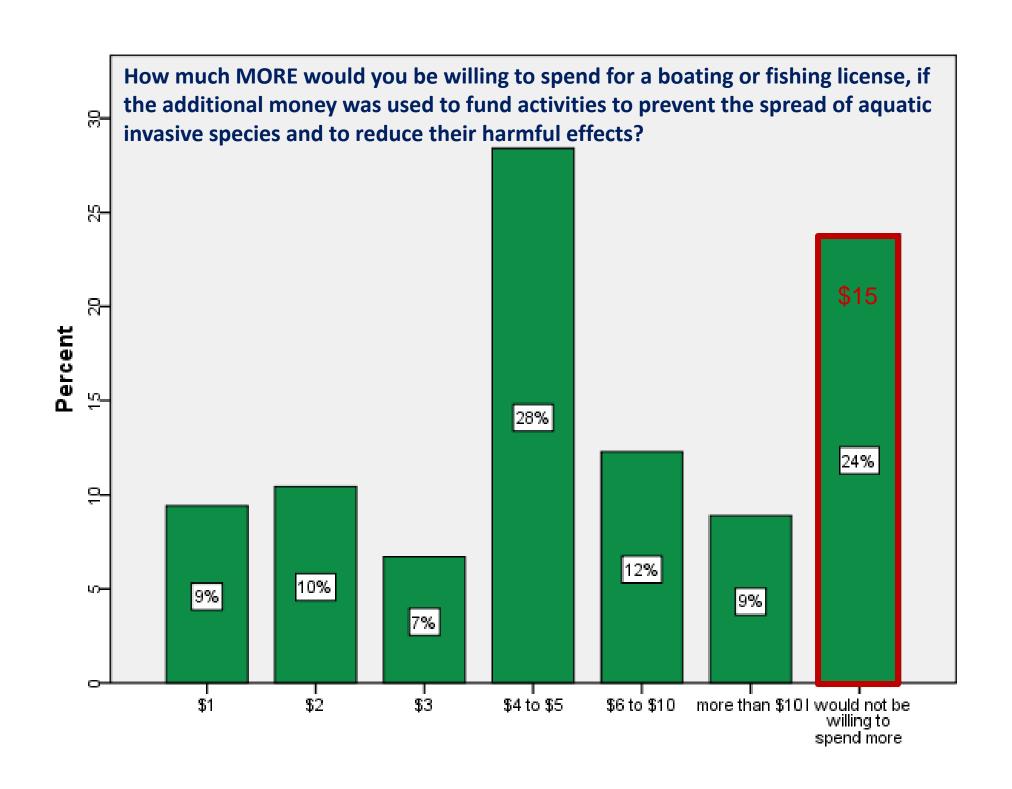




Influencing Behavior

Are Illinoisans willing to pay for these initiatives?







Key Lessons Learned

- Majority of respondents engaged in 4 of 7 REBs "almost always"
 - Drain water from boats
 - Remove plants/animals from boats & trailers
- One-third of respondents engage in most REBs only "sometimes"
- REB groups vary significantly in engagement in visual inspections of boats and drying boats
- Low REB group less aware, knowledgeable and concerned about AIS/VHS as a problem (Cottrell 2003)





Key Lessons Learned

- All groups more likely to engage in REBs if they knew the water bodies they boat in are infested
- The chamois towel had a significant positive effect on REB intentions, especially likelihood of drying boat
- 75% of respondents were willing to pay more for licenses to prevent the spread of AIS and fish diseases

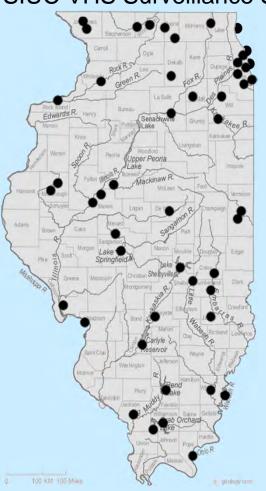




Conclusions

- Boaters are on the front lines of prevention
- Success depends on increasing boater awareness of infestations (e.g., reg books & signage)
- Education programs should target desired behaviors (e.g., pledge signing at bait shops)
- Key target audience is low REB group (Who are they? What constraints exist?)

SIUC VHS Surveillance Sites





Acknowledgements

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Questions and Comments?

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